Mangalayatan University

Beswan, Aligarh - 202145



Curriculum

B.Voc in Medical Lab Technology Institute of Vocational Studies

2025

Total Program Credits for B.Voc

S.N.	Semester	Credits
1	I	24
2	II	24
3	III	22
4	IV	20
5	v	22
6	VI	20
	Total	132

Induction Program

Conduction of induction program as per UGC/Regulatory Body's guideline.

I – Year					
	Semester-I				
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	Credits	
1	BVOMLT-101	Functional English	General Academic Component	2	
2	BVOMLT-102	Fundamentals of Microbiology	General Academic Component	4	
3	BVOMLT-103	Biomolecules	General Academic Component	4	
4	BVOMLT-104	Cell Biology and Biodiversity–I	General Academic Component	4	
5	BVOMLT-105	Special Laboratory Techniques-I)	Skill Development Component	3	
6	BVOMLT-106	Routine Laboratory Techniques-I	Skill Development Component	3	
7	BVOMLT-107	General & Human Anatomy , Physiology –I	Skill Development Component	4	
Total Credits			24		

Course Structure

Semester-II				
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	Credits
1	BVOMLT-201	Microbial Physiology - Metabolism	General Academic Component	4
2	BVOMLT-202	Professional Communication	General Academic Component	2
3	BVOMLT-203	Enzymology and Bioenergetics	General Academic Component	4
4	BVOMLT-204	Ecology and Biodiversity-II	Skill Development Component	4
5	BVOMLT-205	Special Laboratory Techniques-II	Skill Development Component	3
6	BVOMLT-206	Routine Laboratory Techniques-II)	Skill Development Component	3
7	BVOMLT-207	General & Human Anatomy , Physiology –II	Skill Development Component	4
Total Credits				24

	Semester-III				
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	Credits	
1	BVOMLT-301	Pathogenic Microbiology	General Academic Component	4	
2	BVOMLT-302	Environmental Studies	General Academic Component	2	
3	BVOMLT-303	Metabolism	General Academic Component	4	
4	BVOMLT-304	Clinical Pathology and Biochemistry	Skill Development Component	4	
5	BVOMLT-305	Microbiology and Serology	Skill Development Component	4	
6	BVOMLT-306	Hematology and Blood Banking-I)	Skill Development Component	4	
Total Credits				22	

	Semester-IV				
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	Credits	
1	BVOMLT- 401	Immunology	General Academic Component	4	
2	BVOMLT- 402	Biochemical Techniques	General Academic Component	4	
3	BVOMLT- 403	Parasitology and Blood Cell Disorders-I	Skill Development Component	4	
4	BVOMLT- 404	Histology-Cytology –I)	Skill Development Component	4	
5	BVOMLT- 405	Clinical Biochemistry and Microbiology-I	Skill Development Component	4	
Total Credits			20		

Exit Option-Advance Diploma in Medical Lab Technology

	III – Year					
	Semester-V					
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	Credits		
1	BVOMLT-501	Pathogenic Microbiology	General Academic Component	4		
2	BVOMLT-502	Parasitology and Blood Cell Disorders-II	General Academic Component	4		
3	BVOMLT-503	Histology-Cytology –II	General Academic Component	4		
4	BVOMLT-504	Medical Genetics and Microbiology-II	General Academic Component	4		
5	BVOMLT-505	INTERNSHIP-I /Professional Training	Skill Development Component	6		
	Total Credits					

Semester-VI				
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	Credits
1	BVOMLT-501	Food and Industrial Microbiology	General Academic Component	4
2	BVOMLT-502	Clinical Laboratory Operations and Management	General Academic Component	4
3	BVOMLT-503	INTERNSHIP-II /Professional Training	Skill Development Component	6
4	BVOMLT-504	Project Work	Skill Development Component	6
_	Total Credits			22

Functional English BVOMLT 101

Unit I Communication:

Introduction, Definition, Nature and Scope of Communication, Importance and Purpose of Communication, Process of Communication; Encoder and Decoder, Message, Types of Communication; Verbal and Non-Verbal Communication Personal Appearance, Gestures, Postures, Facial Expression, Eye Contacts, Body Language (Kinesics), Time language, Silence Inter and Intra Personal Communication.

Unit II Language Skills:

Four Language Skills; Receptive Skills, Productive Skills, Listening: Listening-concept and cycle, Barriers to Effective Listening, Physical Barriers, Psychological Barriers, Linguistic Barriers, Listening for general content, Listening for filling up information.

Unit III *Vocabulary:*

Chosen list of general commonly used everyday words Synonyms, Antonyms, Homonyms, Homographs, Homophones.

Unit IV Removing grammatical Errors I:

Difference between Mistakes and errors, Wrong use of preposition, wrong use of tenses, misplaced modifiers, confused adverbs, confused adjective, confused nouns and other words.

Unit V Removing grammatical Errors II:

Subject-Verb Agreement, Indefinite and Unnecessary articles, Correct order of words, confusion of number, negatives and questions, un-English expressions, Incorrect/Omission/unnecessary prepositions.

Books Recommended:

- 1. You can win, Shiv Khera, Macmillan Publishers, India
- 2. Listening Skills: Year1/2 and P2/3 Bk.3, Graeme Beals, Jean Edwards, Prim-Ed Publishi

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- 3. A Practical Course for developing speaking skills in English, Gangal J. K., PHI
- 4. A Practical Course for developing writing skills in English, Gangal J. K., PHI
- 5. Little Red Book: Modern Writings Skills, Terry O Brien, Rupa Publications

Fundamentals of Microbiology BVOMLT-102

UNIT I

Introductory Microbiology

History, development, scope and applications of Microbiology. Methods of Microbiology isolation of pure cultures, theory and practice of sterilization.

Microscopic examination of micro-organism, brightfield microscopy, dark field microscopy, phase contrast microscopy, electron microscopy.

Staining of microbes, theory of Gram staining. Nature of Microbial World: Prokaryotes and eukaryotes, growth pattern in microbes

UNIT II

Morphology and Structure of Microorganisms Morphology & fine structure of bacteria, fungi, actinomycete and algae .Organization of cell wall, cell membrane, flagella and capsules in bacteria. Morphogenesis in bacteria, formation of spores and cysts .Animal Viruses : Morphology, cultivation and viral disease cycle. Bacterio phages : Morphology, multiplication, detection and enumeration. Bio transformation of (a) D- Sorbitol to L-Sorbose. (b) Antibiotics. (c) Steroids.

UNIT III

Recombinant DNA Technology, genetic engineering and gene cloning in micro-organisms. Strategies of genetic engineering. Restriction enzymes, vectors, plasmids .Genetic engineering for human welfare: (a) Production of pharmaceuticals. (b) Insect pest control. (c) Use of Genetically Engineered Micro-organisms (GEMs) for control of pollution

UNIT IV

Microbial Ecology and Biotic Interactions Rhizosphere & Rhizoplane micro-organisms, reasons for increased microbial activity in rhizosphere.

Biogeochemical Cycling—Carbon cycle, Nitrogen cycle, Phosphorus & Sulphur cycle. Symbiotic & non-symbiotic Nitrogen fixation bio fertilisers & bio pesticides.

Sewage (waste-water) treatment, chemical characteristics, microbiological characteristics, waste water treatment processes.

Bio molecules BVOMLT-103

UNIT I

Amino Acids & Proteins: Introduction to Bio-chemistry. Water as a biological solvent. Dissociation of water. Buffer solution. Henderson Hasselbalch equation. Amino Acids: Common structural features. Stereoisomerism and RS system of designating optical isomers. Classification based on the nature of "R" groups. Amino acids present in proteins and non-protein amino acids. Specialized role of amino acids. Physical and Chemical properties of amino acids. Titration of amino acids. Peptide Bonds: Rigid and planar nature of a peptide bond. Folding of peptide chains into regular repeating structures (helix, pleated sheets). turn in polypeptides. Chemical synthesis of polypeptides. Biologically active peptides. Proteins: Levels of protein structure. Determination of primary structure of proteins. Forces stabilizing structure and shape of proteins. Native proteins and their conformations. Behaviour of proteins in solutions. Salting in & salting out of proteins. Denaturation of proteins.

Structural and functional diversity of proteins, fibrous proteins (keratins, collagen & elastin), globular proteins (hemoglobin, myoglobin) and conjugated proteins.

UNIT II

Structure, Functions and Classification of Carbohydrates

Carbohydrates: Definition and classification of carbohydrates.

Fischer and Haworth structures of carbohydrates. Stereoisomerism, and mutarotation. Anomeric forms of monosaccharides. Derivatives of monosaccharides (glycosides, deoxysugars, amino sugars and other derivatives of biological importance). Oligosaccharides (structure of maltose, lactose, sucrose, cellobiose, trehalose, raffinose).

Characteristic reactions of monosaccharides: Reactions with hydrazine, hydrogen cyanide, hydroxylamine; reduction and oxidation of sugars; periodic acid oxidation; action of alkali upon sugars; acylation and methylation of sugars.

Homo-and hetero-polysaccharides (structures of amylose, amylopectin, starch, inulin, pectins, dextrins, glycogen, cellulose, chitin). (GAGs) as components of connective tissue. Polysaccharides of bacterial cell well.

UNIT III

Structure, Functions and Classification of Lipids: Definition and classification of fatty acids (saturated and unsaturated). Essential fatty acids. Important reactions of functional groups present in fatty acids. Characteristics of fatty acids and fats (saponification, iodine, acid, acetyl and peroxide values). Refractive index, m. p., b. p. and their relation to molecular size. Properties of glycerol. Fats as source of energy. Waxes. Structures, characteristics and functions of lipids: Triacylglycerols, phospholipids: lecithins (Phosphotidyl Cholines), lysolecithins, cephalins (Phosphotidyl ethanolamines), Phosphatidyl serines, phosphatidyl inositol, sphingomyelins, plasmalogens), cerebrosides, gangliosides, sulfatides. Lipoproteins—Composition, classification and biological

functions. Liposomes.

Terpenes and Steroids—Terpenes of biological significance e.g. carotenes, phytol. Cholesterol and other animal sterols. Colour reactions of sterols. Sterols of yeast and fungi (Mycosterols). Phytosterols. Steroidal hormones. Bile acids. Structure and properties of Eicosanoids - Prostaglandins, Leukotrienes, Thromboxanes, Prostacyclins.

Structure, sources and biochemical functions of fat soluble vitamins.

UNIT IV

Physical and Chemical Properties of Nucleic Acids Nucleic Acid and Porphyrins: Nucleic Acids: Structure and properties of purine and pyrimidine bases. Nucleosides and nucleotides. Biologically important nucleotides. Double helical model of DNA and forces responsible for it. Shorthand representation of polynucleotides. Denaturation of DNA. Physical and chemical properties of nucleic acids. Methods for isolation, purification and characterization of nucleic acids. Chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of nucleic acids. Sequencing of polynucleotides.

Porphyrins: Porphyrin nucleus and classification of porphyrins. Heme and other metalloporphyrins occurring in nature. Detection of Porphyrins spectrophotometrically and by fluorescence. Chemical nature and physiological significance of bile pigments.

Cell Biology and Biodiversity-I BVOMLT-104

UNIT I

Microscopy and Organization of Cell -I Methods in Cell Biology: Principles of light and electron microscopes, fixation & fixatives, staining techniques. Organisation of Cell: Extra nuclear and nuclear. Plasma: Structure, Osmosis, active and passive transport, endocytosis and exocytosis Endoplasmic reticulum: Structure, types and associated enzymes. Mitochondria Structure, mitochondrial enzymes and the role of mitochondria in respiration and mitochondrial DNA. Golgi complex: Structure and functions.

UNIT II

Microscopy and Organization of Cell -II Ribosomes: Types of ribosomes, their structure and functions.

Lysosomes: Polymorphism and their function Centrosome: Structure and functions. Nucleus: Structure and functions of nuclear membrane, nucleolus and chromosomes. An elementary idea of cell transformation in Cancer. An elementary idea of cellular basis of immunity.

UNIT III

Systematic study of Animals - I Detailed study of the following animal types: Protozoa: Amoeba, Paramecium and Plasmodium. Prtozoa (Porifera): Sycon, Cnidaria (Coelenterata): Obelia

Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance (if any) of the following: Protozoa: Entamoeba, Trypanosoma, Giardia, Noctiluca, Eimeria, Opalina Vorticella, Balantidium and Nyctotherus. Parazoa (Porifera): Grantia, Euplectella, Hyalonema and Spongilla. Cnidaria (Coelenterata): Hydra, Sertularia, Plumularia, Obelia, Tubularia, Bougainvillea, Porpita,

Velella, Physalia, Rhizostoma Millipora, Aurelia, Alcyonium, Tubipora, Zoanthus, Metridium, Madrepora, Favia, Fungia and Astrangia.

UNIT IV

Systematic study of Animals - II Detailed study of the following animal types: Platyhelminthes: Fasciola, Taenia Aschelminthes: Ascaris, Parasitic adaptations in Helminths. Annelida: Pheretima Classification upto orders with brief ecological note and economic importance (if any) of the following: Platyhelminthes: Dugesia, Schistosoma and Echinococcus. Aschelminthes: : Ascaris, Oxyuris, Wuchereria. Annelida: Nereis, Polynoe, Eunice, Arenicola, Aphrodite, Amphitrite, Chaetopterus, Tubifex and Pontobdella.

Special Laboratory Techniques-I) BVOMLT-105

Unit I

Acid Phosphates (ACP), Alkaline Phosphates (ALP), Amino acids, Bilirubin, Cholesterol, Creatinine, Creatine Phosphokinase (CPK), SGOT, SGPT, Uric Acid, Urea, TSH

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Biochemical Test Profile (Quantitative determination of Urine)

Amylase, Calcium, Chlorides, Creatinine, Sodium, Potassium, Glucose, Proteins, Urea nitrogen, uric acid HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Unit II

Biochemical Test Profile – II (Quantitative determination of CSF)

Chlorides, Glucose, Proteins HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304 Sterilization Techniques Definition & Methods, principles, bacteriological filtration, irradiation, tyndalization HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304 Elementary Knowledge of Chemistry- I

Unit III

Elementary Knowledge of Inorganic Chemistry

Structure of atom, atomic weight, molecular and equivalent weight. Acids, bases and salts. pH indicators (pH meter, pH paper, universal indicator). Molar solutions, normal solutions, buffer solutions, percent solutions, saturated solutions, standard solutions

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304/ N9602

Elementary Knowledge of Organic Chemistry

Organic compounds, aliphatic, aromatic, alcohol, ethers, phenols, acids, etc.

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304/ N9602 Elementary Knowledge of Chemistry- II

Unit IV

Elementary Knowledge of Physical Chemistry

Osmosis, osmotic pressure, diffusion, hypotonic, hypertonic and isotonic solutions. Definition and classification of some colloids and crystalloids.

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304/ N9602

Elementary Knowledge of Analytical Chemistry

Principles, instrumentation, working, uses, care, maintenance: balances,-monopan, twopan, toppan, centrifuges, pH meter, colorimeter, spectrophotometer, florimeter, flame photometer, ion selective electrodes, urinometer, chromatograph, electrophoresis, densitometer.

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304/ N9602

Routine Laboratory Techniques-I BVOMLT-106

Unit I

Human Healthcare and Safety Regulations Basic causes of accidents, common types of laboratory accidents. First aid in laboratory HSS/N0301/N030 3/N9606 Human health and Homeostasis, medical care in India, Medical Laboratories of developing countries, Importance of Biomedical Waste. NABL and SOP HSS/N0301/N030 3/N9606 Organization of Laboratory Functional components of clinical laboratories, (cleanliness, precautions to be taken WRT patients ,reports, analysis. Communication between physician ,patients, and the medical laboratory professional, basic needs of clinical laboratory technician, awareness of soft skills,. HSS/N0301/N030 3/N9606 Basic Laboratory Equipments Identification, use, maintenance and care of common laboratory glassware and equipments, handling of all glassware ,,use, principle and care of centrifuge, colorimeter, oven, incubator, microscope, Newber's chamber, Autoclave.etc . HSS/N0301/N030 2/N0303/N0307/N 9606 Automation Semiautoanalysers HSS/N0303

Unit II

Introduction to Hematology and Routine tests Components of blood and their functions, Hematopoietic systems of the body HSS/N0302/N030 4 Hematological Diseases Anemia and various types of anemias, Thalssemias, Polycythemia, Leukemia, hemolytic disease of new born, multiple myoloma, parasitic infections of blood HSS/N0301/N030 2/N0304

Unit III

Specimen Collection

Specimen collection for hematological studies

HSS/N0301/N030 2/N0303

Unit IV

Laboratory Preparation in Hematology Cleaning of Laboratory glassware in hematology HSS//N0303

General & Human Anatomy, Physiology -I BVOMLT-107

Unit I

Introduction to: Anatomy, epithelial tissue, muscular tissue, nervous tissue. Skeletal System, Structure of bones, types of bones, Bones of cranium, face vertebral column upper and lower limbs.

HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305

Circulation System: Structure of heart, names and position of main blood vessels.

HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305

Lymphatic System: Lymph vessels, lymph nodes and lymphoid organs, their structure & functions.

HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305

Digestive systems.: Parts of gastrointestinal tract and associated glands.(names)

HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305

Respiratory System:. Parts of Respiratory System.(diagram, Name, function)

HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305

Unit II

Basics of Physiology- I Blood. Composition and function of blood, haemopoesis, blood coagulation. Blood groups, body fluid. Cardiovascular Systems. Circulation of blood. function of heart and blood vessels. Control of heart rate, blood volume.(Diagram of heart and Functions in details) HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305 Respiratory system.: Function of lungs, (theory) Respiration disorders like anoxia. dyspnea. (Theory) lung function tests.(theory) HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305 Digestive Systems:. Digestion of food in mouth, stomach & small intestines. Absorption of food, function of liver. (formation of bilirubin & other functions in detail) HSS/N0302/N030 4/N0305

Basic English Grammar Use of Articles and Prepositions, Tense, Transformation of HSS/N9603/N960

Unit III

Sentences, Parts of Speech, Idioms and Pharses, Vocabulary a) Synonyms b) Antonyms c) One Word Substitution d) Homophones & Homonyms, Punctuations, Common Errors, Spelling in English

4/N9605/N9607

Composition Formal & Informal Writing, Precise, Essay Writing, Report Writing, HSS/N9603/N960 4/N9605/N9607 Reading Comprehension HSS/N9603/N960 4/N9605/N9607

Unit IV

Human Values and Professional Ethics Introduction Need, basic guidelines, content and process for Value Education, Self Exploration- its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation- as the mechanism for self exploration. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- basic Human Aspirations, Right, Relationship and Physical Facilities- the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority, Happiness and Prosperity .A critical appraisal of the current scenario, Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels Implications of Harmony on Professional Ethics Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order, Competence in professional ethics: Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order, Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-friendly and ecofriendly production systems, Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems, Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems, Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: at the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers, at the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations

Microbial Physiology - Metabolism BVOMLT-201

UNIT I

Microbial Nutrition, Cultivation, Isolation and Preservation

Microbial Nutrition: Requirements for Growth. Physical requirement (Temperature, pH, osmotic pressure), chemical requirements (C, N, S, P, O). Culture Media: Chemically defined media, complex media, anaerobic growth media, selective & differential media, and enrichment culture. Cultivation of Aerobes and Anaerobes. Microbial Growth: Growth in population, bacterial growth curve, mathematical nature and expression, measurement of growth in bacteria, Factors affecting growth in microorganisms, continuous cultures and synchronous cultures.

UNIT II

Enzymes and their Regulation: Chemical and physical properties of enzymes. Nomenclature of Enzymes. Mechanism of enzymes action. Inhibition of enzyme action. Regulation of enzymes.

UNIT III

Microbial Metabolism-I Respiration and fermentation. Glycolysis, Pentose Phosphate pathway, The Entner Doudoroff pathway, Fermentation. Tricarboxylic acid cycle. Catabolism of lipid, proteins. Glyoxylate cycle. Beta oxidation.

UNIT IV

Microbial Metabolism –IlMicrobial Utilization of Energy & Biosynthesis: Transport of nutrient by bacteria. Biochemical mechanisms of generation of ATP. Synthesis of Amino Acids: Glutamate, lysine, glutamine, serine, arginine family. Structures and biosynthesis of cell wall peptidoglycan. Biosynthesis of Carbohydrates (gluconeogenesis) & Phospholipids. Replication of DNA molecules, Transcription & Translation (process of protein synthesis) Bacterial Genetics: Conjugation, Transformation, Transduction (generalized transduction, specialized transduction), The Regulation of Gene Expression: Lac operon, tryptophan operon.

Professional Communication (BVOMLT-202)

UNIT 1

Recognizing and Understanding Communication Styles: Passive Communication, Aggressive Communication, Passive-Aggressive Communication, Assertive Communication, Verbal and Non Verbal Communication, Barriers and Gateways to Communication.

UNIT 2

Listening Skills: Types of Listening (theory /definition), Tips for Effective Listening Academic Listening- (lecturing), Listening to Talks and Presentations, Basics of Telephone communication

Writing Skills: Standard Business letter, Report writing, Email drafting and Etiquettes, Preparing Agenda and writing minutes for meetings, Making notes on Business conversations, Effective use of SMS, Case writing and Documentation.

UNIT 3

Soft Skills: Empathy (Understanding of someone else point of view), Intrapersonal skills, Interpersonal skills, Negotiation skills, Cultural Aspects of Communication.

UNIT 4

Group Communication: The Basics of Group Dynamics, Group Interaction and Communication, How to Be Effective in Groups, Handling Miscommunication, Handling Disagreements and Conflicts, Constructive Criticism.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- -Mckay, M., Davis, M. & Fanning, P.(2008). Messages: The Communication Skills Book, New Harbinger Publications
- -Perkins, P.S., & Brown, L. (2008). The Art and Science of Communication: Tools for effective communication in the workplace, John Wiley and Sons

- -Krizan et al (2010). Effective Business Communication, Cengage Learning.
- -Scot, O. (2009). Contemporary Business Communication, Biztantra, New Delhi.
- -Chaney & Martin (2009). Intercultural Business Communication, Pearson Education

Enzymology and Bioenergetics BVOMLT-203

UNIT I

Enzymes General Characteristics: Introduction to enzymes. General characteristics of enzymes. Prosthetic group. Holoenzymes, apoenzyme and cofactors. Coenzymes and their biochemical functions, assay of enzyme activity, units of enzyme activity. Active sites(s) of enzymes. IUB system of nomenclature and classification of enzymes. Enzymes as catalysts. Theories of enzymes catalysis: Proximity and orientation effects, acid base catalysis, covalent catalysis. Role of metals in enzyme catalysis.

UNIT II

Enzyme Purification and Chromatography Techniques

Enzyme Purification: Need for purification. Preliminary fractionation procedures and precipitation techniques, Chromatography methods: Gel filtration—, adsorption—, ion exchange—and affinity chromatography. Types of support materials. Selection of appropriate conditions and elution procedures. Criteria of enzyme purity.

Enzyme Kinetics Enzyme Kinetics: Factors affecting velocity of enzyme catalysed reactions: Enzyme concentration, pH and

UNIT III

temperature. Michaelis –Menten equation. Determination of Km and its significance. Enzyme inhibition. Various types of enzyme inhibitions. Determination of Ki value. Enzyme inhibitors and their importance. Introduction to multi substrate enzymes. Allosteric enzymes and enzyme regulation. Isoenzymes and their clinical significance. Bioenergetics:

UNIT IV

Bioenergetics Biological systems and concept of free energy, Endergonic processes and role of ATP & other high energy compounds. Biological oxidations. Redox potential. Enzymes and co-enzymes involved in oxidations and reductions. Mitochondrial electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation. Mechanism of oxidative phosphorylation.

Ecology and Biodiversity-II BVOMLT-204

UNIT I

Study of the following permanent stained preparations:

L.S. and T.S. Sycon, gemmules, spicules and sponginfibres of a sponge. T.S. Hydra (Testis and ovary region).

T.S. Fasciola (Different regions). T.S. Ascaris (Male & female).

T.S. Pheretima (Pharyngeal and typhlosolar regions); setae, septalnephridia, spermathecae and ovary of Pheretima, Trachea, mouth parts of Periplanata Radula and osphradium of Pila. T.S. Star fish (Arm).

UNIT II

Preparation of the following slides:

Temporary preparation of Paramecium, mouth parts of Periplaneta (cockroach), radula of Pila& appendages of Prawn.

Preparation of permanent whole mount stained in borax carmine of Hydra, Obelia. Sertularia, Plumularia and` Bougainvillea.

UNIT III

Dissections of the following animals:

Pheretima: Digestive, reproductive and nervous systems.

Periplanata: Digestive and nervous systems; mouth parts and trachea. Pila: Pallial complex, digestive and nervous systems

UNIT IV

ECOLOGY :Study of animal adaptations with the help of specimens, charts and models. Study of Zoogeographical regions and their fauna. Study of biotic components of an ecosystem. Study of different types of nests in birds.

Study & preparation of zoogeographical charts.

Special Laboratory Techniques-II BVOMLT-205

Unit I

Basic Microbiology Classification, morphology and physiology of bacteria, anatomy of bacterial cell, growth requirement of bacteria growth curve, nutrients required. Gram positive & Gram negative Bacteria. Normal flora of human body.

Special Laboratory Techniques-II BVOMLT-205

Unit I

Basic Microbiology Classification, morphology and physiology of bacteria, anatomy of bacterial cell, growth requirement of bacteria growth curve, nutrients required. Gram positive & Gram negative Bacteria. Normal flora of human body.

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit II

Introduction to serology Antigens, antibodies, structure and classes of antibodies, monoclonal antibodies and its uses. Collection and preparation of specimen, HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit III

Serological Tests Serological test for syphilis (STS), Agglutination - 4 tests , C-reactive protein test (CRP) , Rheumatoid arthritis test (RA) , Sero dignosis of streptococcal infection . HBsAg, HIV-1(Rapid Tri Dot test) Widal test, Tuberculine test HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Unit IV

Staining Techniques Gram positive & Gram negative Bacteria. Difference between cocci & bacteria, virus(definition ,properties & example) Sputum test for AFB HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Routine Laboratory Techniques-II) BVOMLT-206

Unit I

Routine Hematological Tests

Determination of hemoglobin concentration ,determination of hematocrit , enumeration of formed elements ,calculations of red blood cell indices - MCV, MCH,and MCHC, Automated systems in hematology ,study of blood smear , Reticulocyte count, Erythrocytesedimentation rate (ESR) Eosinophil count , platelet count

Unit II

Urine Examination

Urine analysis, routine examination of urine, rapid chemical tests of Urine Clinical significance, specimen collection, laboratory investigation, Clinical significance, specimen collection, laboratory investigation

Unit III

Stool Examination

Gross examination, physical examination of stool, determination of pH, chemical examination of feces, microscopic examination of stool specimen

Clinical significance, specimen collection, laboratory investigation, Clinical significance, specimen collection, laboratory investigation

Unit IV

Semen Examination

Semen analysis, routine examination of semen, quantitative determination of semen fructose, interpretative semen analysis, examination for the presence of sperms

Sputum Examination

Indication, collection, container, transport, preservation for different types of sputum analysis.

Physical examination and its significance, chemical examination and its significance.

Microscopic examination and its significance.

General & Human Anatomy, Physiology -II BVOMLT-207

Unit I

Endocrine System: Various endocrine glands. Thyroid. Parathyroid. Adrenal glands pituitary pancreas.

Thymus and sex glands. (detail function of each gland & clinical significance)
Reproductive System. Male & female Reproductive organs. (name & function)

Nervous System.: Parts of brain, spinal cord, peripheral nerves.(function)

Basics of Human Physiology-II

Unit II

Excretory Systems:. Structure & function of kidney and urinary bladder .Mechanism of urine formation. disorders of kidney.

Reproductive Systems: Physiology of reproductive organs.

Nervous System: Neurone & its function,.

Unit III

Basics of Computer Skills

Data, information, properties, Types of information. Computing files, internet, server. Introduction to computer: Introduction to associated terms like CPU, storage devices, peripherals output & input devices etc.

MS WORD: Basic. Making new document, editing. formating the text (text: border, color, spacing, copying the text, undo, Redo, repeate) Formatting: Paragraph alignment, (line spacing, paragraph spacing, paragraph indents) Borders paragraph border, shading. Spelling and grammar, COLUMNS: typing text by defining columns, converting text to column & columns to text TABLES: selecting the table, insertion of raw .columns text , merging the cell converting table to text and text to table insert date ,time, foot notes header footer, end notes. MS WINDOW: making new file, folders. Saving data

Pathogenic Microbiology BVOMLT-301

UNIT I

Infectious Diseases Brief introduction to terminology of Infections diseases, Frequency of disease, Recognition of Infectious disease, Infections, Disease cycle, Virulence and mode of transmission, Emerging and reemerging Infectious diseases, Global travel & Health considerations, Nosocomial Infections.

UNIT II

Microbes of Medical Importance Nomenclature and classification of microbes of medical importance. Origin of the Normal Flora, Germfree and Gnotobiotic Life, Distribution and occurrence of Normal Flora of Skin, Eye, Respiratory Tract, Mouth, Intestinal Tract & Genitourinary Tract.

UNIT III

Mode of Microbial Infections Microbial adherence, Passive Penetration into body, Active Penetration into body, Events in Infection following penetration, Microbial virulence factors.

UNIT IV

Antimicrobial Drugs Development of chemotherapy, General characteristics of antimicrobial drugs, Determining level of antimicrobial activity, Mechanism of action of antimicrobial agents, factors influencing the effectiveness of antimicrobial drugs, Antibacterial drugs viz. sulfonamides, Quinolones, Penicillins, Cephalosporins, Tetracyclines, Erythromycin, Chloramphenicol, Drug Resistance, Antifungal and Antiviral drugs.

Environmental Studies (BVOMLT-302)

UNIT 1

The Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies Definition, Scope and Importance, Need for public awareness Natural Resources Renewable and Non-Renewable Resources, Natural Resources and Associated Problems- a) Forest Resources: Use and Over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people Role of individual in conservation of natural resources, Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles

UNIT 2

Ecosystems- Concept of ecosystem, Structure and function of ecosystem, Producers, Consumers and Decomposers, Energy flow in the ecosystem, Ecological succession, Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.

UNIT 3

Biodiversity and its conservation- Introduction- Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity, Bio-geographical classification of India, Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, Aesthetic and option values, India as a mega-diversity nation, Hot-sports of biodiversity, Threats to bio-diversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, Endangered and endemic species of India, Conservation of bio-diversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

UNIT 4

Social Issues and the Environment- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development, Urban problems related to energy, Re-settlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions, Climate changes, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, Consumerism and waste products, Environment Protection Act, Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation, Public awareness

UNIT 5

Human Population and the Environment Population growth, variation among nation, Population explosion- Family Welfare Programme, Environment and Human Health, Human Rights, Value Education, Role of Information Technology in Environment and Human health

REFERENCE BOOKS

- -Environmental Studies by Kumarasamy K., A. Alagappa Moses, M. Vasanthy from Bharathidsan University Publications 2004, Trichy
- -Environmental Studies by Rajamannar EVR College Publications 2004

Metabolism BVOMLT-303

UNIT I

Carbohydrate Metabolism Digestion & Absorption of Carbohydrates: Metabolic Pathways of Carbohydrates, Glycolysis and alcoholic fermentation, The Pentose Phosphate Pathway, Glucuronate and glyoxylate pathway, TCA cycle, Glycogenolysis & Glycogenesis, Gluconeogenesis, Biosynthesis of starch, Biosynthesis of Ascorbic acid.

UNIT II

Lipid Metabolism Digestion & Transport of Lipids: -Oxidation of fatty acids including odd chain fatty acids. α -and ω - oxidation of fatty acids Degradation of triglycerides and phospholipids. Formation and utilization of ketone bodies. Biosynthesis of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. Biosynthesis of triglycerides and phospholipids, biosynthesis of cerebrosides; sulfatides and gangliosides. Biosynthesis of Cholesterol. Biosynthesis of Prostaglandins, Thromboxanes, Leukotrienes, Lipoxins and Prostacyclins.

UNIT III

Protein Metabolism Digestion of Proteins: General Reactions of Amino Acids: Deamination, transamination and decarboxylation. Urea cycle. Catabolism of Carbon Skeletons of Amino Acids: Glycine and Alanine, Serine and threonine, Phenylalanine and Tyrosine, Tryptophan, Histidine, Leucine, Valine and Isoleucine, Cysteine and Methionine, Lysine, Glutamic acid and Glutamine, Aspartic acid and Asparagine. Biosynthesis of Nutritionally Non-Essential Amino Acids: Glutamate and Glutamine, Aspartate and Asparagine, Proline, Alanine, Cysteine & Selenocysteine, Tyrosine, Serine, Glycine.

UNIT IV

Nucleic Acids Nucleic Acids:

Degradation of purines and pyrimidines. Biosynthesis of purines, pyrimidines and nucleotides. Catabolism of Heme & Formation of Bile pigments. Biosynthesis of porphyrins and heme. Conjugation of bilirubin and its clinical significance.

Clinical Pathology and Biochemistry BVOMLT-304

Unit I

Miscellaneous Body Fluids Lab Examination of Miscellaneous Body Fluids Cerebrospinal fluid ,Laboratory investigation ,Serous fluids, Synovial fluid. HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304 Routine Biochemical Tests Phosphates, transaminases, lactic dehydrogenase , Creatine kinase , Electrolytes ,Blood gases and bicarbonate, Determination of serum / plasma bicarbonate HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304

Unit II

Biochemical Test Profile Normal & Abnormal Biochemical processes of the body (Basic physiology and biochemistry of the body) Basic physiology and biochemistry of the body, interrelated metabolic processes of the body. HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304 Biochemical Test Profile Liver tests, Renal tests, Endocrine function tests, Lipid profile, Transaminase, LDH, CPK, CPK-MB, SGPT/SGOT/ Amylase.GTT HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304

Unit III

Analytical Techniques Basic Steps of Analytic Techniques Basic steps in analytical chemistry, titrimetry photometry, Electrochemistry, Immuno - chemistry, Seperation and analysis of organic compounds

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Principles of Analytic Techniques Principles of analytical chemistry, titrimetry, photometry, Electrochemistry, Immunochemistry. HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit IV

Biochemical Processes Normal & Abnormal Biochemical processes of the body (Biochemical changes in the body under pathological conditions) Biochemical changes in the body under pathological conditions. HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304 Normal & Abnormal Biochemical processes of the body (Functions of various organs and their clinical assessment)

Functions of various organs and their clinical assessment HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Microbiology and Serology BVOMLT-305

Unit I

Laboratory Diagnosis of Mycotic and Emerging Infections

Introduction to Microbiology Disease oriented microbiology, culture & sensitivity test, aerobic, anaerobic techniques HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304 Laboratory Diagnosis of Mycotic infections Introduction to Fungi and parasitic fungi, specimen collection, Laboratory diagnosis of mycotic infections, Diagnostic mycology HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304 Emerging / New infections in human being HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304

Unit II

Diagnostic Microbiology Diagnostic Microbiology & Micro Techniques Role of microbiology laboratory, specimen handling, laboratory records, safety Regulations, Basic procedures of Diagnostic Rapid and automation methods in Diagnostic Microbiology, Culture environments of microbes, Quality control in microbiology, Quick reference of media and biochemical tests HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304 Lab Diagnosis of parasitic infections

Collection and handling of faecal specimen, Laboratory techniques in parasitological investigation of stool, Processing of specimens other than stool, Lab identification of human parasites

HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304

Serology

Unit III

Serology: Introduction & Serological Lab Procedures Principles of immunologic reactions, serodiagnosis. Collection and prepration of specimen, Serological test for syphilis (STS), Agglutination tests, C-reactive protein test (CRP), Rheumatoid arthritis test (RA), Serodiagnosis of streptococcal infection, Sero diagnostic tests for miscellaneous disorders, Immunologic test for pregnancy RIA, ELISA HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304 Parasitology Introduction, Protozoa, Helminths, Medical Entomology HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304

Unit IV

Bacteriology Bacteriology Gram positive - streptococcus, staphylococcus, bacillus, mycobacterium, corynebacterium, Gram negative - E-coli, Klebsiella, Salmonella, shingela, Vibrio, Pseudomonas HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304 Diagnostic & Systemic Bacteriology Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, spirochaetes, mycoplasma, rickettsiae etc, Systematic grouping of pathogenic bacteria , Laboratory identification of infectious agents, Diagnosis of anaerobic infections , idenifying characteristics of common pathogenic bacteria ,Antimicrobial susceptibility test. IMViC, Urease, catalase, geletine liquification, coagulase, oxidase, sugar fermentation, antibiotic sensitivity test. HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0304

Hematology and Blood Banking-I) BVOMLT-306

Unit I

Special Hematological tests & factors in Hemoglobin synthesis & automation
Screening of sickle cell anaemia, Estimation of foetalhaemoglobin, Haemoglobin electrophoresis,
Osmotic fragility test, Heinz body preparation, Laboratory diagnosis of protozone blood parasites, Lupus erythematosus (LE) cell preparation, Preparation of bone marrow smear for microscopic examination,
Cytochemical tests.

Autoanalysis- Electrolyte acid base balance

Acid base balance

Interpretation of lab findings in Haematology

Anaemias, Leukaemias, Miscellaneous disorders.

Unit II

Haemostasis& Bleeding Disorders

Introduction to Haemostasis& coagulation

Heamostasis, Mechanism of blood coagulation, Fibrinolysis.

Laboratory Investigation & Bleeding Disorders

Laboratory preparation for coagulation tests, Routine coagulation tests, (prothrombin time, plasma recalcification time, partial thromboplastin time, activated partial thromboplastin time, thrombin time, Laboratory diagnosis of bleeding disorders.

Unit III

Immuno haematology& Blood Transfusion

Principles of Immuno haematology& Clinical of Blood Transfusion

Principles of immune ohaematology, Human blood group systems, (basic ABO blood group systems, Clinical significance of blood transfusion.

Collection & Processing of blood for transfusion

Preparation for blood collection, Blood collection, Transportation of blood after collection, storage of blood, Preparation and use of blood components.

Unit IV

Routine Lab Procedures in Blood Bank Routine Lab procedures in Blood Bank Specimen collection for blood bank, General laboratory reagents in blood bank. Preparation of laboratory regents in blood bank, Reporting of haemagglutination reaction, ABO blood grouping Rh blood typing Antihuman globulin (AHG) or cross matching Transfusion reactions & Haemolytic Disease of a new born Blood transfusion process, Transfusion reaction, Haemolytic disease of the newborn.

Immunology BVOMLT-401

UNIT I

Introduction to Immunology Introduction and history of Immunology, Nonspecific Defense; Physical Barriers, Chemical Barriers, Phagocytosis, Inflammation, Fever, Types of Immunity, Active & Passive Immunity, Immunological memory, Primary & Secondary Lymphoid organs, Mucosa Associated Lymphoid tissue (MALT), Cutaneous Associated Lymphoid Tissue (CALT), Lymphocyte Traffic, Cells of immune system, Antigens; factors affecting Immunogenicity, epitopes, haptens.

UNIT II

Humoral Immunity Humoral Immune Response, Antibodies / Immunoglobulins, Structure, function and type of antibodies, Antigentic-combining regions of antibodies, factors influencing antibody production, Genetic model, Multigene Organisation, generation of antibody diversity.

UNIT III

Cell Mediated Immunity Cell Mediated Immune System, Mechanism of CMI, Types of effector T Cells, Helper T-cells, Suppressor, T-cells, cytotoxic T cells, Killer T cells, Cytokines, Lymphokines, Colony Stimulating factors, Tumour Necrosis factor, Interferons, Accessory cells (Macrophages), the Complement System, Classical and Alternate pathway, HLA, Monoclonal antibody technology and its applications, Interactions between B and T lymphocytes.

UNIT IV

Antigen-Antibody Interactions Antigen-Antibody Interactions: Precipitation reaction, Immunodiffusion test, counter current Immuno electrophoresis, complement fixation tests, Widal test, Wasserman's test, Weil Felix reaction, Western Blotting, Types of vaccines

Biochemical Techniques BVOMLT-402

UNIT I

Spectroscopic Techniques Spectroscopic Techniques: Beer-Lambert's Law. Light absorption and its transmittance. Determination and application of extinction coefficient. Applications of following spectroscopic techniques in elucidating structure of Biomolecules- Visible, U.V., infra-red and fluorescence spectroscopy. ORD, C.D. and N.M.R.

UNIT II

Electrophoretic Techniques Electrophoretic Techniques:

Principles and applications of the following electrophoresis techniques. Paper and gel electrophoresis, high voltage electrophoresis, SDS-PAGE: Discontinuous electrophoresis, isotachophoresis, isoelectric focussing and immune electrophoresis. Centrifugation Techniques: Various centrifugation techniques and their applications in Biochemistry. Preparative and analytical ultra- centrifugation procedures. Application of partial specific volume, diffusion coefficient and viscosity measurements in the study of macromolecules of biochemical importance.

UNIT III

Chromatographic Techniques Chromatographic Techniques:

General principles of chromatography and the application of following chromatographic procedures in isolation and purification of biomolecules: Absorption, partition, paper and thin layer chromatography. Gas liquid chromatography. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), Ion exchange and Exclusion chromatography. Affinity chromatography

UNIT IV

Radio Isotopic Techniques Radio Isotopic Techniques :

Nature of isotopes and radioisotopes. Radioactive decay. Properties of radioactive emissions. Units of radioactivity. Techniques used to measure radioactivity; GM counter and liquid scintillation counting and gamma counter. Labelling of Biochemical compounds and autoradiography. Use of radioactive tracers in the study of

enzyme reaction mechanisms and metabolic pathways. Radioimmuno assay. Biological hazards of radiation and safety measures in handling radioisotopes

Parasitology and Blood Cell Disirders-I BVOMLT-403

Unit I

Medical Parasitology

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit II

Common Intestinal worms

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Unit III

Malarial parasites, Filarial parasites

HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Unit IV

Lab. diagnosis of Parasitic infections

Histolohy-Cytology -I) BVOMLT-404

Unit I

Introduction to Histology

Introduction to Histology & Cytotechnology

Basic terminology, Laboratory equipment for histology and cytology, Use and care of frequently used equipment, Preparation of reagent solutions

Unit II

Tissue Processing

Lab techniques in histology: Tissue Processing

Logging of specimen, preparation of tissues, processing of tissues, Frozen section technique, Handling and embedding of small tissue fragments.

Unit III

Staining Procedures

Lab techniques in histology: Staining Procedures

Routine staining procedure in histotechnology, special stains and staining techniques, stains for particular substances

Unit IV

Instrumentation in Histocytotechnology Instrumentation in Histocytotechnology Autoanalyser, Tissue Processor, Microtome

Clinical Biochemistry and Microbiology-I BVOMLT-405

Unit I

Metabolic Disorders & Deficiency Diagnostic Test profile Other than biochemical tests profiles i.e. ANC, Arthritis, Cardiac, Hypertension, Anaemia. HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Unit II

Clinical Endocrinology Hormonal studies & Clinical Endocrinology Thyroid, Pancreas, Adrenal & Sexual glands, hormones & it's diagnostic significance. HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit III

Body Fluid Specimen Processing Specimen processing for biochemical analysis Blood, Urine, Cerebrospinal fluid, Body fluids HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304 Automation in Clinical Biochemistry

Laboratory Classification of automated systems , steps of automation in biochemical analysis, some commonly used automated analysers of biochemical laboratories HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Unit IV

Blood Banking Blood Banking Organization, operation, administration of bank and maintenance of records, government regulation (FDA) HSS/N0301/N0302/N0304

Pathogenic Microbiology BVOMLT-501

UNIT I

Pathogenic Microbes, Diagnosis, Prevention and Control

Introduction to important diseases caused by Streptococcus, Pneumococcus, Neisseria, Corynebacterium, Bacillus, Ciostridium, enterobacteriaceae (Proteus, Shigella, Salmonella), Vibrio, Yersinia, Hemophilus, Mycobacterium, The operative pathogenic mechanisms, laboratory diagnosis, prevention and control of these diseases.

UNIT II

Prevention and Control of Viral Diseases Morphology, pathogenesis, life cycle, laboratory diagnosis, prevention and control of viral diseases viz. Rabies, Polio, Small pox, Herpes, Measles, Influenza and AIDS.

UNIT IIII

Human Mycotic Infections Introduction to Human mycotic infections viz Cryptococcosis, Dermatophytosis, Blastomycosis, Opportunisitc Mycosis; Candidiasis and Aspergillosis.

UNIT IV

Mechanisms and Control of Parasitic Infections Life cycle, pathogenic, mechanisms and control of parasitic infections viz. amoebiasis, Kalaazar, toxoplasmosis, ascariasis, filarasis, hook worm infections.

Parasitology and Blood Cell Disorders-II BVOMLT-502

Unit I

Descriptive study of RBC abnormalities
Descriptive study of RBC abnormalities

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit II

Disorders related to RBC Disorders related to RBC

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit III

Normal white cell count & physiological variation Normal white cell count & physiological variation HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit IV

Disorders related to WBC Disorders related to WBC

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Histology-Cytology -II BVOMLT-503

Unit I

Exfoliative Cytology-Specimen Preparation

Diagnostics Exfoliative cytology: Preparation of specimen Prepration of specimens for cytological evaluation

Unit II

Exfoliative Cytology- Staining Techniques Diagnostics Exfoliative cytology: Cytological Stains and Staining Techniques Cytological stains and staining techniques,

Unit III

Exfoliative Cytology- Benign and Malignant Cells
Diagnostics Exfoliative cytology: Characteristics of Benign and malignant cells
Charecteristics of benign and malignan cells

Unit IV

Advanced Instrumentation in Laboratory Technology

Medical Genetics and Microbiology-II BVOMLT-504

Unit I

Genetics: Genetics: Genetics disorders, Karyotyping, Electrophoresis and Hybridization techniques Introduction to Medical Genetics (Structures of DNA RNA). Genetic of common diseases. HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit II

CLIA techniques CLIA techniques HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304 Care and handling of laboratory animals Introduction, general care and handling, ethics and legality in use of laboratory animals HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit III

Immunology and Virology Immunology Immunity/Immune system, innate immunity, adaptive immunity, cells and oragans involved in immune system

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Virology General characteristics of Viruses, Chemotherapy of Viral diseases, classification of viruses, On cogenic Viruses, RNA/DNA Viruses, AIDS, Miscellaneous viruses, Structure of viruses, lysogenic cycle, lytic cycle, smallpox, polio, HIV, Hepatitis B

HSS/N0301/N0302/ N0304

Unit IV

Toxicology Toxicological investigation & Therapeutic drug monitoring Analystical Techniques, drug screening, heavy metals

HSS/N0301/N0302/N 0303 / N0304/N0305/ N0306/ N0307/ N9602/N9606

BVOMLT-505 INTERNSHIP-I /Professional Training

Food and Industrial Microbiology BVOMLT-601

UNIT I

Food as a substrate for microorganisms, Nutritive value of food stuffs, effect of Hydrogen ion concentration (pH), moisture requirement on food, Important food borne diseases viz. Staphyococcal intoxication, Botulism. Salmonellosis, Shigillosis, Qualitative and Quantitative analysis of food components (proteins, fats, lipids, carbohydrates), Microbiological examination of food products including dairy products, food poisoning caused by bacteria and fungi.

UNIT II

Contamination, Preservation and Spoilage of Food

Contamination, preservation and spoilage in various foods viz. cereals & cereal products (cereal grains, flour, bread, pasta, macroni), sugars & sugars products (Maple, Syrup, Honey, Candy), Vegetables & Fruits, Meat (Fresh meat, fresh beef, hamburger, fish), Milk and Milk products (cheese, butter).

UNIT III

Production Strains Isolation and Screening Techniques

Production strains Isolation & screening techniques, preservation and genetic modification of Industrial Microorganisms, Fermentation Media, characteristics of ideal production media, common substrates used in ideal fermentations, Batch and continuous fermentations.

UNIT IV

Fermentation Products

Yeasts (Baker's) and its uses, fermentation of Beer, Wine and Alcohol, Production of organic acids viz. acetic acid, lactic acid, propionic and butyric acid and mixed acids. Mass transfer in aerobic fermentation.

Clinical Laboratory Operations and Management BVOMLT-602

Unit I

Reagent preparation: The metric system, preparation of molar, normal, percent solutions Buffers, Acid, Base, pH (Definition and examples) Lab calculations and graphs.

200 Marks (Theory = 100 Marks Practica I= 100 Marks)

HSS/N9602

Clinical sample collection e.g. Blood, Urine, Stool examination, Saliva sample, Sputum sample, Semen analysis etc.

HSS/N0301/N0302

Preparing and maintaining Lab records: Labeling of sample, ;.(making, entries storage, annexes), management of histopathology records.

HSS/N0304/N0305/N9 603 / N9604/N9605

Reporting results : a. Basic format of a test report, b. Release of examination results c. Alteration in reports

HSS/N0304/N0305

Quality Management system: Internal and External quality control

HSS/N0306/N0307/ N9606

Biomedical waste management in a clinical laboratory: Disposal of used samples, reagents and other biomedical waste

HSS/N9609

Calibration and Validation of Clinical Laboratory instruments

HSS/N0303

Ethics in Medical laboratory Practice: Pre-Examination procedures, Examination procedures, Reporting of results, Preserving medical records, Access to Medical laboratory Records

HSS/N0304/N0305/ N9603 / N9604 /N9605

Audit in a Medical Laboratory HSS/N0304/N0305 Documentation HSS/N0304/N0305

BVOMLT-603 INTERNSHIP-II / Professional Training

BVOMLT-604 Project Work